

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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DATWAN CULLINS,	:	Case No. 1:22-cv-102888-ALC
	:	
Plaintiff,	:	ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE
	:	AND OTHER DEFENSES OF
-against-	:	156 FIFTH AVENUE CORP. IN
	:	<u>RESPONSE TO THE COMPLAINT</u>
156 FIFTH AVENUE CORP. and NIKE	:	
RETAIL SERVICES, INC.,	:	
	:	
Defendants.	:	
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Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. (“Defendant”), by and through their attorneys,
Seyfarth Shaw LLP, hereby submits its Answer to the Complaint as follows:

NATURE OF THE CLAIMS

COMPLAINT ¶1:

Plaintiff is an individual with a mobility disability due to a physiological condition that prevents him from walking.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “1” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶2:

Unable to ambulate using his musculoskeletal system, Plaintiff uses a wheelchair for mobility.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “2” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶3:

Nike by Flatiron is a retail store located at 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY (hereinafter “Nike”) that sells sneakers and clothing.

ANSWER:

Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph “3” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶4:

Defendants are the owner and operator of Nike, and Nike’s landlord.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “4” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant admits that there is a lease agreement between 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. and Nike Retail Services, Inc. concerning the subject property located at 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY, and denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph “4” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶5:

Nike is a place of public accommodation.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “5” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “5” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶6:

As detailed more fully below, Defendants violate each of the laws that prohibit disability discrimination by public accommodations through their ownership, operation, control, and lease of, Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “6” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶7:

Plaintiff brings this action because Defendants deny him, on the basis of disability, full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and accommodations (“equal access”) of their place of public accommodation, Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “7” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶8:

Upon information and belief, Defendants created architectural elements at Nike that function as barriers to wheelchair access (“architectural barriers”).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “8” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶9:

Defendants also maintain architectural barriers at Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “9” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶10:

The architectural barriers at Nike - for example, steps at its public entrance - deny entry to Plaintiff, and other individuals that require wheelchairs, due to disability.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “10” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶11:

The architectural barriers at Nike also obstruct Plaintiff’s ability to access the publicly available offerings therein based on disability.



Nike at 156 Fifth Avenue

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “11” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “11”.

COMPLAINT ¶12:

By maintaining architectural barriers, Defendants deny Plaintiff, based on disability, equal access to Nike, a place of public accommodation.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “12” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶13:

The architectural barrier Defendants maintain deny Plaintiff, a disabled individual that uses a wheelchair for mobility, entry to Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “13” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶14:

By maintaining architectural barriers, Defendants deny Plaintiff, a disabled wheelchair user, the opportunity to patronize Nike based on disability - an opportunity Defendants make available to members of the public without mobility disabilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “14” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶15:

Defendants discriminate against Plaintiff on the basis of disability as they deny him equal access to Nike due to his use of a wheelchair for mobility.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “15” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶16:

By denying Plaintiff equal access to Nike, Defendants unlawfully discriminate against Plaintiff in violation of Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (“ADA”) 42 U.S.C. §§ 12181 *et seq.* and its implementing regulations; the New York Human Rights Law (“State HRL”), New York Executive Law (“N.Y. Exec. Law”) Article 15; the New York Civil Rights Law, § 40 *et seq.* (“N.Y. CRL”); and the New York City Human Rights Law (“City HRL”), Administrative Code of the City of New York (“N.Y.C. Admin. Code”) Title 8.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “16” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶17:

Defendants violate the ADA, the State HRL, the N.Y. CRL and the City HRL (collectively, the “Human Rights Laws”) directly and through the actions, of their agents and employees.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “17” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶18:

Defendants are vicariously liable for the acts and omissions of their employees and agents.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “18” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶19:

Defendants chose to ignore the explicit legal requirements that obligate them to make their place of public accommodation physically accessible and usable by persons with disabilities¹.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “19” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶20:

By ignoring their obligation to provide an accessible place of public accommodation, Defendants reveal their indifference to Plaintiff’s (and other individuals with disabilities’) right to equal access to Nike, a place of public accommodation.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “20” of the Complaint.

¹ As used in Plaintiff’s Complaint the terms “accessible” and “readily accessible to and usable by” mean that the place of public accommodation complies with the design and construction standards referenced in Plaintiff’s Complaint and can be approached, entered, and used by people having physical disabilities. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 12183, 28 C.F.R. § 36.406, and N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 27-232; and § 28-1102.1.

COMPLAINT ¶21:

Defendants, undoubtedly aware that their decision to maintain architectural barriers in violation of the Human Rights Laws would be indiscernible to most persons, presumed that they would never have to make Nike accessible and provide equal access to individuals with disabilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “21” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶22:

Plaintiff, however, acts to compel Defendants to comply with the Human Rights Laws.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “22” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “22”.

COMPLAINT ¶23:

Plaintiff seeks declaratory, injunctive, and equitable relief, as well as monetary damages and attorney’s fees, costs, and expenses, to redress Defendants’ unlawful disability discrimination against him in violation of the Human Rights Laws.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “23” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “23” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶24:

Plaintiff seeks to have Defendants make Nike physically accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities so that Plaintiff, and other persons with mobility disabilities, have the opportunity to fully and equally enjoy the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and accommodations of the Nike place of public accommodation.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “24” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “24” of the Complaint.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

COMPLAINT ¶25:

This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343 as Plaintiff’s claims involve federal questions regarding the deprivation of Plaintiff’s rights under the ADA.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “25” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “25” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶26:

This Court also has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff’s State HRL, N.Y. CRL, and City HRL claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “26” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “26” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶27:

Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because Defendants’ discriminatory acts alleged herein occurred in this district and the place of public accommodation is located in this district.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “27” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “27,” except that Defendant states that it does not object to venue in this district.

PARTIES

Plaintiff

COMPLAINT ¶28:

Plaintiff suffers from a physiological condition that inhibits his ability to walk and movement.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “28” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶29:

Plaintiff is therefore an individual with a disability under the Human Rights Laws.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “29” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “29” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶30:

Due to his impairment, Plaintiff uses a wheelchair for mobility.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “30” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶31:

At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff has been and remains a resident of the State and City of New York.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “31” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶32:

Plaintiff resides approximately 25 minutes from Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “32” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶33:

Plaintiff enjoys the Flatiron neighborhood in which Nike is located.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “33” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶34:

Plaintiff is in the Flatiron neighborhood over four times a year.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “34” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶35:

Plaintiff goes to the Flatiron neighborhood to shop and enjoy the area.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “35” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶36:

When in the Flatiron neighborhood, Plaintiff goes into stores and other places that do not have barriers to wheelchair access.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “36” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶37:

In June 2022, Plaintiff attempted to visit and enter Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “37” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶38:

However, Plaintiff was denied entry to Nike due to Defendants’ maintenance of an architectural barrier which he cannot traverse in his wheelchair - a step at the entrance.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies that it maintained an architectural barriers at the subject property, and denies each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph “38” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶39:

Plaintiff, a Nike sneaker enthusiast, desires to go to Nike when he is in the Flatiron neighborhood.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “39” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶40:

Despite his desire to access Nike, Plaintiff is deterred from doing so due to the step at the entrance, and the other architectural barriers detailed in Paragraph 106 herein.

ANSWER:

As to Plaintiff's desire to access Nike, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of these allegations, and denies each and every other remaining allegation contained in Paragraph "40" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶41:

Plaintiff either personally observed or has been made aware of, the architectural barriers at Nike detailed in Paragraph 106 herein.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph "41" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶42:

Plaintiff is aware of the architectural barriers at Nike detailed in Paragraph 106 herein.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph "42" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶43:

The architectural barriers detailed in Paragraph 106 herein exclude Plaintiff, based on disability, from the equal opportunity to participate in, or benefit from, the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and accommodations that Defendants offer to the general public at Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "43" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶44:

Plaintiff would visit Nike but for the architectural barriers that deny him equal access to Nike and its offerings therein.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “44” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶45:

Plaintiff continues to be deterred from visiting Nike due to the step and other architectural barriers to access extant at the premises.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “45” of the Complaint, except denies that there a step that prevents to deters individuals with mobility disabilities from entering the subject property.

Defendants

COMPLAINT ¶46:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. is a Domestic Business Corporation formed pursuant to the New York Business Corporation Law.

ANSWER:

Defendant admits the allegation contained in Paragraph “46” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶47:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. engages in business in New York.

ANSWER:

Defendant admits the allegation contained in Paragraph “47” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶48:

As an entity formed pursuant to the New York Business Corporation Law, Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. is not a governmental entity.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “48” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant admits the allegation contained in Paragraph “48” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶49:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. owns the building located at 156 Fifth Avenue in New York County, New York (hereinafter referred to as “156 Fifth Avenue”).

ANSWER:

Defendant admits the allegation contained in Paragraph “49” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶50:

Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. is a Foreign Business Corporation formed pursuant to the Oregon Business Corporation Act.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “50” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶51:

As an entity formed pursuant to the Oregon Business Corporation Act Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. is not a governmental entity.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “51” of the Complaint

COMPLAINT ¶52:

Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. engages in business in New York.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “52” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶53:

Upon information and belief, Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. owns and operates, and at all relevant times has owned and operated Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “53” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶54:

Upon information and belief, Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. leases the space in which Nike is located directly from Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “54” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph “54” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶55:

Upon information and belief, 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. and Nike Retail Services, Inc. have a written agreement for the lease of the space in which Nike is located.

ANSWER:

Defendant admits the allegation contained in Paragraph “55” of the Complaint.

The Place

COMPLAINT ¶56:

Nike is situated in Manhattan’s Flatiron neighborhood.

ANSWER:

Defendant admits that the subject property is located in Flatiron neighborhood of Manhattan.

COMPLAINT ¶57:

“[T]he Flatiron District is a dynamic hub of food, shopping and culture rivaling that of prominent neighbors like Chelsea and Union Square . . . [and] an area filled with exciting history too”. *NYC Neighborhoods: The Flatiron District*, NYC’s Guide | NYCgo.com | Explore the Top Things to Do in NYC, (May 5, 2015, updated August 6, 2018), <https://www.nycgo.com/articles/flatiron-district-neighborhood-guide>.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “57” of the Complaint, and states that the referenced document speaks for itself.

ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

COMPLAINT ¶58:

Nike is operated by private entities as neither of the Defendants is a State or local government; a department, agency, special purpose district, or other instrumentality of a State or local government; or a commuter authority. 42 U.S.C. §§ 12131(1) and 12181(6).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “58” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶59:

The operations of Nike affect commerce. 28 C.F.R. § 36.104.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “59” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶60:

Nike, a retail store located at 156 Fifth Avenue, is a place of public accommodation pursuant to the Human Rights Laws. 42 U.S.C. § 12181 and 28 C.F.R. § 36.104; N.Y. Exec. Law § 292(9); and the N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-102.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “60” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶61:

Defendants own, lease, lease to, control or operate Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendants deny each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “61” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶62:

“Both the landlord who owns the building that houses a place of public accommodation and the tenant who owns or operates the place of public accommodation are ‘public accommodations’ subject to” the Human Rights Laws. 28 C.F.R. § 36.201(b); *See also* 42 U.S.C. 12182(a); N.Y. Exec. Law §296(2)(a); N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4)(a).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “62” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶63:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp., as owner of the 156 Fifth Avenue building in which Nike is located, is an entity required to comply with the Human Rights Laws. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “63” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶64:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp., [as] lessor of the space in which Nike is located is an entity required to comply with the Human Rights Laws. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “64” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶65:

Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. as owner of Nike, is an entity required to comply with the Human Rights Laws. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “65” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶66:

Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. as operator of Nike, is an entity required to comply with the Human Rights Laws. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “66” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶67:

The 156 Fifth Avenue building in which Nike is sited is also a commercial facility subject to the ADA and the ADA Standards. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 12181(2).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “67” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶68:

Owners of real property located in the City of New York are obligated to repave, reconstruct, repair, and maintain the public sidewalk that abuts their real property. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 19-152 and § 7-210.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “68” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶69:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp., the owner of 156 Fifth Avenue, is required to maintain, repave, reconstruct, and repair the public sidewalk that abuts its property. *Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “69” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶70:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp therefore controls, manages, and operates the public sidewalk that adjoins 156 Fifth Avenue.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “70” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶71:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. therefore controls, manages, and operates the parts of the public sidewalk that constitute Nike’s public entrance within the meaning of the Human Rights Laws.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “71” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶72:

Numerous architectural barriers at Nike prevent or restrict physical access to Plaintiff and other persons with disabilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “72” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶73:

The architectural barriers at Nike include gateway barriers – such as a stepped entrance.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “73” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶74:

The gateway barriers at Nike exclude Plaintiff and other persons with mobility disabilities from patronizing Nike, as they completely deny Plaintiff, and other persons that use wheelchairs, the opportunity to enter Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “74” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶75:

Upon information and belief, Nike opened for business in 2013 or 2014.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “75” of the Complaint.

Alterations Performed to Nike’s Premises

COMPLAINT ¶76:

Upon information and belief to create Nike, Defendants renovated, remodeled, and reconstructed (“Modified”) the space now occupied by Nike in 2001 and 2002, and between 2011 and 2014.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “76” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶77:

Upon information and belief, the exterior entrances to Nike and the sidewalks adjoining Nike’s premises were renovated, remodeled, and reconstructed after January 26, 1992.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “77” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶78:

Upon information and belief, Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. converted the space Nike now occupies from its use as a bank to a retail store in 2001 and 2002.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “78” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶79:

Upon information and belief, in 2011, Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. modified the storefront of the space Nike now occupies, including installing new doors and display windows.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “79” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶80:

Upon information and belief, Defendants further modified the space Nike now occupies between 2012 and 2014 to build out Nike’s premises.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “80” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶81:

The modifications Defendants performed between 2012 and 2014 to Nike’s premises included: a) the demolition of the space, including demolition of partitions and fixtures; b) interior renovation of the space; c) modifications to the structural, mechanical, sprinkler, and plumbing systems for the space; and d) renovation of the space’s storefront.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “81” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶82:

The renovation, remodeling and reconstruction work performed in 2001, 2002 and 2011 to the space in which Nike is now located were changes that affected or could have affected the usability of the space now leased, operated and occupied by Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “82” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “82” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶83:

The renovation, remodeling and reconstruction work performed to build out Nike between 2012 and 2014 included changes to the space that affected, or which could have affected, the usability of the space leased, operated and occupied by Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “83” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶84:

The space Nike occupies was therefore renovated, remodeled, and reconstructed after January 26, 1992.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “84” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶85:

Nike is located within a place that is “altered” within the meaning of the ADA. *See* 28 C.F.R. 36.402(b)(1).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “85” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶86:

The renovated, remodeled, reconstructed spaces, areas, and elements of Nike, including its entrance, are “altered areas” within the meaning of the ADA. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “86” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

Defendants’ Failed to Follow the Accessibility Requirements Detailed in their Architectural Drawings

COMPLAINT ¶87:

The buildout of, and any subsequent renovations to, Nike’s space were done pursuant to architectural drawings that detailed the work Defendants would perform to buildout and remodel Nike. *See* N.Y.C. Admin Code § 27-162 and § 28-104.7.1.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “87” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent

that a response is required, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “87” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶88:

Upon information and belief, the architectural drawings utilized by Defendants specified the dimensions and placement of the architectural elements and fixtures at Nike. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “88” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “88” of the Complaint

COMPLAINT ¶89:

Upon information and belief, the architectural drawings detailed the floor plan, layout, location of fixtures, flooring, entrances, demised spaces, and other architectural elements at Nike. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “89” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “89” of the Complaint

COMPLAINT ¶90:

Upon information and belief, the architectural drawings also detailed the legal requirements that Defendants were obligated to comply with in their design and construction of Nike. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “90” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶91:

Upon information and belief, the legal requirements detailed in the architectural drawings included the design and construction standards that mandate the provision of physical access for persons with physical disabilities at Nike. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “91” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶92:

Upon information and belief, the design and construction standards referenced in Defendants’ architectural drawings included:

- i. the accessibility provisions of the 1968 New York City Building Code, N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 27-292.1 et seq. (the “1968 BC”), inclusive of ANSI A117.1-1986 as modified by 1968 BC Reference Standard RS 4-6 (the “1968 Ref Std”², and together with the 1968 BC, the “1968 NYC Standards”);
- ii. the accessibility provisions of the 2008 New York City Building Code, N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 28-1101 et seq.³ and Appendix E (the “2008 BC”), inclusive of ICC A117.1-2003 (the “2008 Ref Std”) and together with the 2008 BC, the “2008 NYC Standards”);
- iii. the accessibility provisions of the 2014 New York City Building Code, N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 28-1101 et seq. and Appendix E (the “2014 BC”), inclusive of and ICC A117.1-2009⁴ (the “2014 Ref. Std.”, and together with the 2014 BC, the “2014 NYC Standards”).
- iv. the 1991 ADA Standards for Accessible Design codified in 28 CFR part 36 Appendix A⁵; (hereinafter referred to as the “1991 ADA Standards”); and
- v. the 2010 Standards for Accessible Design codified in 36 CFR part 1191 Appendices B and D, and 28 CFR part 36 Appendix A, subpart D (hereinafter referred to as the “2010 ADA Standards”, and together with the 1991 ADA Standards, the “ADA Standards”).

² See N.Y.C. Admin Code §§ 27-292.2 and Reference Standard 4-6.

³ As such provisions (N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 28-1101 and Appendix E) existed prior to December 31, 2014, the effective date of the 2014 BC.

⁴ See N.Y.C. Admin Code § 28-1101.2 and Appendix E, § § E101 and E112.

⁵ Republished in 28 CFR part 36 Appendix D on Sept. 15, 2010. 28 C.F.R. § 36.104, 75 Fed. Reg. 56236, 56237 (September 15, 2010).

The 2014 NYC Standards, collectively with the 1968 NYC Standards and the 2008 NYC Standards, are referred to herein as the “NYC Standards”. The ADA Standards together with the NYC Standards are collectively referred to herein as the “Accessibility Standards”.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “92” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “92” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶93:

Upon information and belief, Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. failed to comply with the Accessibility Standards when it renovated, remodeled and reconstructed the space now occupied by Nike in 2001, 2002, and 2011.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “93” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶94:

Upon information and belief, Defendants failed to comply with the Accessibility Standards when they renovated, remodeled and reconstructed the space now occupied by Nike between 2012 and 2014.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “94” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶95:

When Defendants Modified Nike’s space and at all times thereafter that they performed design and construction work to its space, Defendants had knowledge of, and specific notice regarding their obligation to comply with the Accessibility Standards.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “95” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent

that a response is required, Defendant denies the each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “95” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶96:

Defendants therefore knowingly failed to comply with the Accessibility Standards when they Modified Nike’s space and the parts of 156 Fifth Avenue related to Nike’s space.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “96” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶97:

Defendants also acted with deliberate indifference to the equal access rights of persons with disabilities due to their failure to comply with the Accessibility Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “97” of the Complaint.

Defendants’ Failed to Follow the Accessibility Requirements Detailed in their Lease Documents

COMPLAINT ¶98:

Upon information and belief, the lease agreement between the Defendants for Nike’s premises provides that the space must comply with the Human Rights Laws.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “98” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶99:

Upon information and belief, the lease agreement between the Defendants for Nike’s premises provides that the space must comply with the Accessibility Standards.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “99” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶100:

Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. is aware of its obligation to provide an accessible place of public accommodation.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “100” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶101:

As Defendant 156 Fifth Avenue Corp. is aware of its obligation to provide an accessible place of public accommodation, it knowingly and with deliberate indifference fails to comply with the Accessibility Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “101” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶102:

Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. is aware of its obligation to provide an accessible place of public accommodation.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “102” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶103:

As Defendant Nike Retail Services, Inc. is aware of its obligation to provide an accessible place of public accommodation, it knowingly and with deliberate indifference fails to comply with the Accessibility Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “103” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶104:

As a result of Defendants' failure to comply with the Accessibility Standards, the services, features, elements, and spaces of Nike are not accessible to Plaintiff as required by the Human Rights Laws. *See* 42 U.S.C. § § 12182(a), § 12183(a), and § 12186(b); N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(a); and N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "104" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶105:

Because Defendants fail to comply with the Accessibility Standards Plaintiff was, and remains, unable to enjoy safe and equal access to Nike a place that is open and available to the public.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "105" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶106:

Architectural barriers which Plaintiff encountered and those that deter him from patronizing Nike include, but are not limited to, the following:

- I. No accessible route from the public sidewalk to any public entrances.
Defendants fail to provide an accessible route within the site from public streets or sidewalks to the building entrances. See 1991 ADA Standards § 4.1.2(1), 2010 ADA Standards § 206.2.1, 1968 BC § 27-292.5(b), 2008 BC § 1104.1, and 2014 BC § 1104.1.
- II. No accessible public (or non-public) entrances.
Defendants fail to provide that at least 50% of all its public entrances are accessible.
See 1991 ADA Standards § 4.1.3.8(a)(i).
Defendants fail to provide that at least 60% of all its public entrances are accessible. See 2010 ADA Standards § 206.4.1.
Defendants fail to provide that ALL its public entrances are accessible. See 1968 BC § 27-292.5, 2008 BC § 1104.1, and 2014 BC § 1105.1.
- III. A step at the exterior side of public entrance on Fifth Avenue with a change in level greater than 1/2 inch high between the public sidewalk and the entrance.
Defendants fail to provide that level changes greater than 1/2-inch high are ramped. See 1991 ADA Standards § 4.3.8, 2010 ADA Standards § 303.4, 1968 Ref Std § 4.3.8., 2008 Ref Std § 303.3, and 2014 Ref Std. § 303.4.

- IV. A step at the exterior side of the restricted entrance on Twentieth Street with a change in level greater than 1/2 inch high between the public sidewalk and the entrance.

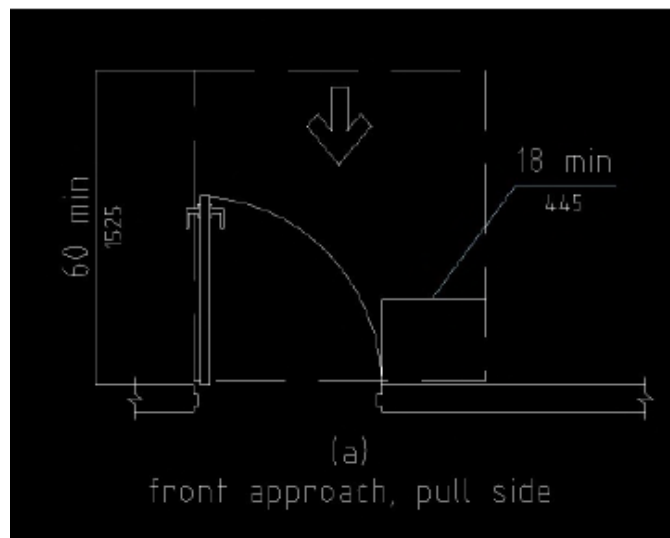
Defendants fail to provide that level changes greater than 1/2-inch high are ramped. See 1991 ADA Standards § 4.3.8, 2010 ADA Standards § 303.4, 1968 Ref Std § 4.3.8, 2008 Ref Std § 303.3, and 2014 Ref Std. § 303.4.

- V. A side exit from Nike located within the 156 Fifth Avenue office building entrance rotunda that does not provide a door opening with a clear width of 32 inches minimum.

See 1991 ADA Standards § 4.13.5, 2010 ADA Standards § 404.2.3, 1968 Ref Std § 4.13.5, 2008 Ref Std § 404.2.2, and 2014 Ref Std. § 404.2.2.

- VI. A side exit from Nike located within the 156 Fifth Avenue office building entrance rotunda with a door that lacks level maneuvering clearances of 18 inches at the pull side of the door parallel to the doorway's latch side, and which is not accessible as an entrance to wheelchair users.

Defendants fail to provide an accessible door with level maneuvering clearances. See 2010 ADA Standards § 404.2.4.1, 1991 ADA Standards § 4.13.6, 1968 Ref Std § 4.13.5, 2008 Ref Std § 404.2.3, and 2014 Ref. Std § 404.2.3.



2010 ADA Standards, Fig. 404-2-4-1a

ANSWER:

Defendant responds to the allegations contained in Paragraphs “106(I)” through “106(VI)” of the Complaint as follows:

- I. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “106(I)” of the Complaint. Defendant denies these allegations because: (1) Defendant does not have knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to what conditions Plaintiff encountered at the Nike location; (2) they constitute conclusions of law

as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied; and (3) the terms used (e.g., “accessible route”) are vague, undefined, and/or conclusory.

- II. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “106(II)” of the Complaint. Defendant denies these allegations because: (1) Defendant does not have knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to what conditions Plaintiff encountered at the Nike location; (2) they constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied; and (3) the terms used (e.g., “accessible public (or non-public entrances)”) are vague, undefined, and/or conclusory.
- III. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “106(III)” of the Complaint. Defendant denies these allegations because: (1) Defendant does not have knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to what conditions Plaintiff encountered at the Nike location; (2) they constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied; and (3) the terms (e.g., “ramped” and “change in level”) used are vague, undefined, and/or conclusory.
- IV. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “106(IV)” of the Complaint. Defendant denies these allegations because: (1) Defendant does not have knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to what conditions Plaintiff encountered at the Nike location; (2) they constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied; and (3) the terms used (e.g., “restricted entrance”, “ramped” and “change in level”) are vague, undefined, and/or conclusory.
- V. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “106(V)” of the Complaint. Defendant denies these allegations because: (1) Defendant does not have knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to what conditions Plaintiff encountered at the Nike location; (2) they constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied; and (3) the terms used (e.g., “clear width”) are vague, undefined, and/or conclusory.
- VI. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph “106(VI)” of the Complaint. Defendant denies these allegations because: (1) Defendant does not have knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to what conditions Plaintiff encountered at the Nike location; (2) they constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied; and (3) the terms used (e.g., “level maneuvering clearance”) are vague, undefined, and/or conclusory.

COMPLAINT ¶107:

Upon information and belief, a full inspection of Nike will reveal the existence of other barriers to access.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “107” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶108:

To properly remedy Defendants’ discriminatory violations and avoid piecemeal litigation, Plaintiff requires a full inspection of Nike so that he may catalogue other architectural barriers and have Defendants remediate Nike so that it is accessible to him.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “108” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “108” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶109:

Plaintiff therefore gives notice that, to the extent not contained in this Complaint, he intends to amend his Complaint to include any violations of the Accessibility Standards or Human Rights Laws discovered during an inspection of Nike.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “109” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶110:

Defendants deny Plaintiff the opportunity to participate in or benefit from their services and accommodations because of disability.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “110” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶111:

Defendants provide Plaintiff and similarly situated disabled persons with lesser opportunity to enjoy the facilities, goods, services, offerings, and accommodations of Nike, than the opportunity Defendants provide to non-mobility impaired customers.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “111” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶112:

Upon information and belief, Defendants provide non-mobility impaired persons with the physical access Defendants are legally obligated to provide under the N.Y.C. Admin. Code and the N.Y. Executive Law.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “112” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶113:

In stark contrast, Defendants fail to provide Plaintiff and other mobility impaired persons with the physical access Defendants are legally obligated to provide under the N.Y.C. Admin. Code and the N.Y. Executive Law.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “113” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶114:

Defendants’ discriminatory policy is clear: Inclusion for non-mobility impaired persons; Exclusion for mobility-impaired persons.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “114” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶115:

Defendants discriminate against Plaintiff, as based on disability, they treat him, and other individuals with mobility disabilities, worse than non-mobility impaired persons.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “115” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶116:

Defendants continue to discriminate against Plaintiff and other mobility impaired customers by limiting and reducing the options available to disabled patrons as compared to the options available to nondisabled customers.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “116” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶117:

Defendants have not satisfied their statutory obligation to ensure that their policies, practices, procedures comply with the Human Rights Laws.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “117” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶118:

Defendants have not provided accommodations or modifications so that Plaintiff and other persons with disabilities can have equal opportunity with respect to Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “118” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶119:

Plaintiff has a realistic, credible, and continuing threat of discrimination from the Defendants' non-compliance with the Human Rights Laws. This threat is particularly evidenced by the existence of barriers to access at Nike that deter and deny Plaintiff access based on disability.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "119" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶120:

As previously noted, Plaintiff is in the Flatiron district in which Nike is located four or more times a year.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph "120" of the Complaint, except admits that the subject property is located in the Flatiron neighborhood of Manhattan, New York City.

COMPLAINT ¶121:

Plaintiff desires to visit Nike when he is in Flatiron.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph "121" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶122:

While Plaintiff desires to visit Nike he is frustrated because Defendants maintain architectural barriers to access at Nike which deny him the opportunity to enter based on his disability and consequent use of a wheelchair for mobility.

ANSWER:

As to Plaintiff's desire to visit the subject property, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of that allegation. Defendant denies each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph "122" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶123:

Plaintiff continues to be deterred from visiting Nike due to the barriers to access Defendants maintain there.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "123" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶124:

Although Plaintiff desires and intends to visit Nike he need not engage in a futile exercise – attempting to enter Nike although the architectural barriers at the premises deny him entry and equal access to the offerings therein based on disability.

ANSWER:

As to Plaintiff's desire and intention to visit the subject property, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of those allegations. Defendant denies each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph "124" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶125:

Plaintiff desires that Defendants remove the architectural barriers at Nike so he can have equal access to it and avail herself of the offerings therein.

ANSWER:

As to Plaintiff's desires with respect to the subject property, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of those allegations.

Defendant denies each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph “125” of the Complaint.

ALLEGATIONS RELATED TO TESTER STATUS

COMPLAINT ¶126:

In addition to desiring equal access to Nike for himself, Plaintiff is also acts as an independent advocate for the rights of similarly situated persons with disabilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “126” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶127:

Plaintiff desires that other similarly situated persons do not have their rights to equal access to Defendants’ place of public accommodation, Nike, and the 156 Fifth Avenue commercial facility, violated by Defendants.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “126” of the Complaint, and states that Defendant has not violated any of Plaintiff’s rights to equal access to the subject property.

COMPLAINT ¶128:

So that other individuals with disabilities that require wheelchairs benefit from his advocacy, Plaintiff is a “tester” for the purpose of protecting and enforcing, the equal access rights of similarly situated persons with disabilities at places of public accommodation and commercial facilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “128” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶129:

As a tester Plaintiff acts to determine and ensure that places of public accommodation and commercial facilities are compliant with the ADA and the ADA Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “129” of the Complaint

COMPLAINT ¶130:

Plaintiff therefore monitors places of public accommodation and commercial facilities to determine that they comply with the ADA and the ADA Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “130” of the Complaint

COMPLAINT ¶131:

Plaintiff will monitor Nike and the 156 Fifth Avenue commercial facility to determine and ensure that it complies with the ADA and the ADA Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies that the subject property fails to comply with the ADA or ADA Standards for Accessible Design, and denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph “131” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶132:

Should Nike cease operating at the 156 Fifth Avenue commercial facility Plaintiff will continue to monitor the space it occupied to determine and ensure that prior to the space’s reopening as a place of public accommodation, it complies with the ADA and the ADA Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies that the subject property fails to comply with the ADA or ADA Standards for Accessible Design, and denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph “132” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶133:

As a tester, Plaintiff is additionally motivated to return to Nike and the 156 Fifth Avenue commercial facility within which it is located.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “133” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶134:

In addition to his desire to return to Nike and the 156 Fifth Avenue commercial facility for himself, Plaintiff intends to return to Nike and the 156 Fifth Avenue commercial facility within which it is located to monitor Defendants’ compliance with their obligations under the ADA and the ADA Standards as a means of enforcing his and other similarly situated persons right to equal access.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “134” of the Complaint.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(VIOLATIONS OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT)

COMPLAINT ¶135:

Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein all prior allegations set forth in this Complaint.

ANSWER:

Defendant repeats and restates their responses to all the allegations set forth in the Complaint, including but not limited to Paragraphs “1” through “134,” as is more fully set forth herein.

COMPLAINT ¶136:

Plaintiff is substantially limited in the life activity of both walking and body motion range and thus has a disability within the meaning of the ADA. 42 U.S.C. § 12102; 28 C.F.R. § 36.105(a) and (b).

ANSWER:

The allegation contained in Paragraph “136” of the Complaint that Plaintiff suffers from a disability within the meaning of the ADA constitutes a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied. Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph “136” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶137:

As a direct and proximate result of Plaintiff’s disability, Plaintiff requires a wheelchair for mobility and has restricted use of his arms and hands.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “137” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶138:

“Both the landlord who owns the building that houses a place of public accommodation and the tenant who owns or operates the place of public accommodation are ‘public accommodations’ subject to” the ADA. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a); 28 C.F.R. § 36.201(b).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “138” of the Complaint constitutes a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶139:

The ADA imposes joint and several liability on each of the owner of a building in which a place of public accommodation is located, the lessor of space in a building to a place of public accommodation, the lessee of space in a building for a place of public accommodation, and the owner or operator of the place of public accommodation. *See* 28 C.F.R. § 36.201(b).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “139” of the Complaint constitutes a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶140:

Therefore, pursuant to the ADA, each of the building owner, lessor, lessee, owner, and operator of Nike, a place of public accommodation is liable to Plaintiff. *See Id.*

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “140” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶141:

None of the Defendants can avoid liability under the ADA by transferring their obligations to comply with the ADA to another entity. 28 C.F.R. 36.201(b).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “141” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “141” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶142:

Defendants continue to subject Plaintiff to disparate treatment by denying Plaintiff full and equal opportunity to access Nike on the basis of disability.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “142” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶143:

Defendants’ policies and practices continue to subject Plaintiff to disparate treatment and disparate impact.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “143” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶144:

By failing to comply with the law in effect for decades, Defendants have articulated to disabled persons such as the Plaintiff that they are neither desired nor welcome as patrons of Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “144” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶145:

Defendants performed design and construction work to build out Nike but failed to perform the work so that their place of public accommodation, Nike, complies with the 1991 ADA Standards or the 2010 ADA Standards.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “145” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶146:

Because Nike does not comply with the ADA Standards it is not readily accessible to and usable by Plaintiff due to his mobility disability. *See* 28 C.F.R. § 36.401(A)(1) and 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(1).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “146” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶147:

Defendants discriminate against Plaintiff in violation of the ADA as they built a place of public accommodation that is not accessible to Plaintiff based on disability. *See* 28 C.F.R. § 36.401(A)(1) and 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(1).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “147” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶148:

Defendants fail to provide an integrated and equal setting for the disabled at the Nike premises in violation of 42 U.S.C. §12182(b)(1)(A) and 28 C.F.R. § 36.203.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “148” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶149:

In violation of 28 C.F.R. §§ 36.402 and 36.406 and 42 U.S.C. §12183(a)(2), Defendants failed to make Nike compliant with the ADA Standards to the maximum extent feasible when they performed work that constituted alterations to Nike’s space.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “149” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶150:

Defendants failed to provide “readily accessible and usable” paths of travel to the altered primary function areas of Nike in violation of 28 C.F.R. § 36.403.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “150” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶151:

Defendants failed to make all readily achievable accommodations and modifications to remove barriers to access at Nike in violation of 28 C.F.R. § 36.304.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “151” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶152:

It has been and remains readily achievable for Defendants to make Nike accessible by complying with the ADA Standards.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “152” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “152” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶153:

By failing to remove the barriers to access where it is readily achievable to do so, Defendants have discriminated against Plaintiff on the basis of disability in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a), § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv), and 28 C.F.R. § 36.304.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “153” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶154:

In the alternative, Defendants have violated the ADA by failing to provide Plaintiff with reasonable alternatives to barrier removal to the extent Defendants allege that the removal of any of the barriers to access was, and remains, not readily achievable. 28 C.F.R. § 36.305.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “154” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶155:

Defendants’ failure to remove the barriers to access constitutes a pattern and practice of disability discrimination in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 12181 *et. seq.*, and 28 C.F.R § 36.101 *et. seq.*

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “155” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶156:

Defendants continue to discriminate against Plaintiff in violation of the ADA by maintaining a place of public accommodation, Nike, which is not compliant with the ADA Standards, and therefore not accessible.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “156” of the Complaint.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
(VIOLATIONS OF THE NEW YORK STATE HUMAN RIGHTS LAW)

COMPLAINT ¶157:

Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein all prior allegations set forth in this Complaint.

ANSWER:

Defendant repeats and restates their responses to all the allegations set forth in the Complaint, including but not limited to Paragraphs “1” through “156,” as is more fully set forth herein.

COMPLAINT ¶158:

Plaintiff suffers from medical conditions that separately and together prevent the exercise of normal bodily functions in Plaintiff; in particular, the life activities of both walking and body motion range.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “158” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶159:

As a result of his impaired bodily functions, Plaintiff suffers from a disability within the meaning of the N.Y. Exec. Law § 292(21).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “159” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph “159” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶160:

The State HRL guarantees the right of all individuals to equal opportunity with respect to places of public accommodations, regardless of disability. N.Y. Exec. Law §§ 290 and 291.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “160” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

Section § 296(2) Violations: Denial of Equality of Opportunity.

COMPLAINT ¶161:

To protect the guaranteed right of persons with disabilities to equal access, the State HRL provides that it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for owners, lessees, and operators of places of public accommodation “directly or indirectly to refuse, withhold from or deny any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges” of their place of public accommodation to a person because of disability. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(a).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “161” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶162:

Defendants engage in an unlawful discriminatory practice in violation of the State HRL as they directly or indirectly deny Plaintiff “equal opportunity” (i.e., equal access) to enjoy the offerings of their place of public accommodation. N.Y. Exec. Law 296(2)(a).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “162” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶163:

Defendants engage in an unlawful discriminatory practice prohibited by the State HRL as they created and maintain a place of public accommodation, Nike, which is not accessible to Plaintiff due to disability. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(a).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “163” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶164:

Defendants continue to discriminate against Plaintiff in violation of the State HRL by maintaining and/or creating an inaccessible place of public accommodation. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “164” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶165:

Defendants have subjected Plaintiff to disparate treatment by denying Plaintiff equal access to Nike, their place of public accommodation, because Plaintiff is disabled.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “165” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶166:

Defendants continue to subject Plaintiff to disparate treatment by denying Plaintiff equal access to Nike because Plaintiff is disabled.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “166” of the Complaint.

Section § 296(2)(c) Violations: Failure to Make Readily Achievable Accommodations and Modifications.

COMPLAINT ¶167:

Defendants have failed to make all readily achievable accommodations and modifications to remove barriers to access at Nike in violation of the State HRL. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(c)(iii).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “167” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶168:

It remains readily achievable for Defendants to remove the barriers to access at Nike.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “168” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “168” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶169:

Defendants cannot demonstrate that the removal of the barriers to access at Nike is not readily achievable. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(c)(iii) and (v).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “169” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent

that a response is required, Defendants deny each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “169” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶170:

Alternatively, should Defendants demonstrate that it is not readily achievable to remove any barriers to access at Nike, Defendants discriminate in violation of the State HRL as they fail to provide Plaintiff and other persons with disabilities, equal opportunity to enjoy the privileges, advantages, and accommodations they offer at Nike through alternative methods. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(c)(v).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “170” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶171:

It would be readily achievable to make Nike accessible through alternative methods.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “171” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶172:

Defendants have failed to make reasonable modifications to their policies, practices, and procedures necessary to provide Plaintiff with access to Nike, and the privileges, advantages, or accommodations they offer therein in violation of the State HRL. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(c)(i).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “172” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶173:

Defendants cannot demonstrate that modifying their policies, practices and procedures would fundamentally alter the nature of Nike or the privileges, advantages, or accommodations they offer.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “173” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶174:

In the alternative, Defendants have failed to provide Plaintiff with reasonable alternatives to barrier removal in violation of the State HRL. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(2)(c)(v).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “174” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶175:

It is and would have been readily achievable for Defendants to make Nike accessible to persons with disabilities.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “175” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “175” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶176:

It does not and would not have imposed an undue hardship or undue burden on Defendants to have made Nike accessible for persons with disabilities.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “176” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “176” of the Complaint.

Section 296(6) Violations: Aid and Abet Discrimination.

COMPLAINT ¶177:

Under the State HRL it is “an unlawful discriminatory practice for any person to aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce the doing of any of the acts forbidden under this article, or to attempt to do so”. N.Y. Exec. Law § 296(6).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “177” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶178:

Each of the Defendants have aided, abetted, incited, compelled, or coerced others to engage in unlawful discriminatory practices.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “178” of the Complaint.

Section 300: The State HRL’s Liberal Construction Requirement.

COMPLAINT ¶179:

In 2019, the New York State legislature amended the Executive Law to provide increased protections for classes protected by the State HRL. N.Y. Exec. Law § 300, as amended by Chapter 160 of the Laws of 2019, § 6.

ANSWER:

The allegation contained in Paragraph “179” of the Complaint constitutes conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶180:

The 2019 amendment added language at the start of the State HRL’s Construction section (N.Y. Exec. Law § 300) to explain that the law must be:

construed liberally for the accomplishment of the remedial purposes thereof, regardless of whether federal civil rights laws, including those laws with provisions worded comparably to the provisions of this article, have been so construed.

Id.

ANSWER:

The allegation contained in Paragraph “180” of the Complaint constitutes conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶181:

With the 2019 amendment, the State HRL is no longer coextensive with federal anti-discrimination law.

ANSWER:

The allegation contained in Paragraph “181” of the Complaint constitutes a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶182:

Defendants’ conduct is therefore subject to a significantly stricter standard under the State HRL than under Federal anti-discrimination laws, including the ADA.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “182” of the Complaint constitute a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “182” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶183:

The State HRL’s stricter standards include those situations where the ADA has provisions that are comparably worded to the State HRL’s provisions. *Id.*

ANSWER:

The allegation contained in Paragraph “183” of the Complaint constitutes a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶184:

Defendants must therefore provide an accessible place of public accommodation in instances where the ADA does not require Defendants to provide accessibility.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “184” of the Complaint constitute a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “184” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶185:

As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful discrimination in violation of State HRL, Plaintiff has suffered, and continues to suffer emotional distress, including humiliation, embarrassment, stress, and anxiety.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "185" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶186:

Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "186" of the Complaint.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
(VIOLATIONS OF THE NEW YORK CITY HUMAN RIGHTS LAW)

COMPLAINT ¶187:

Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein all prior allegations set forth in this Complaint.

ANSWER:

Defendant repeats and restates their responses to all the allegations set forth in the Complaint, including but not limited to Paragraphs "1" through "186," as if more fully set forth herein.

COMPLAINT ¶188:

Plaintiff suffers from medical conditions that separately and together, impair Plaintiff's bodily systems - in particular, the life activity of both walking and body motion range.

ANSWER:

The allegation contained in Paragraph "188" of the Complaint that Plaintiff suffers from a disability constitutes a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is

deemed to be denied. Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph “188” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶189:

Due to his impaired bodily functions, Plaintiff has a disability within the meaning of the City HRL. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-102.

ANSWER:

The allegation contained in Paragraph “189” of the Complaint that Plaintiff suffers from a disability within the meaning of Administrative Code § 8-102 constitutes a conclusion of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and is deemed to be denied. Defendant denies having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of each and every remaining allegation contained in Paragraph “189” of the Complaint.

Section 8-107(4)(a)(1)(a) Violations: Denial of Equal Opportunity.

COMPLAINT ¶190:

The City HRL guarantees the right of all individuals, regardless of disability, to equal opportunity (i.e., equal access) to places of public accommodations.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “190” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶191:

“Equal access, in the words of the City HRL, is the opportunity to have “full and equal enjoyment, on equal terms and conditions” to the accommodations, advantages, services, facilities, and privileges of a place of public accommodation. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “191” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶192:

Defendants engage in an unlawful discriminatory practice prohibited by the City HRL as they created and maintain a place of public accommodation, Nike, which is not accessible to Plaintiff due to disability. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4)(a)(1)(a).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “192” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶193:

Defendants are also liable for the conduct of their employees and agents which resulted in the creation and maintenance of a place of public accommodation which is not accessible. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(13).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “193” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶194:

Because Defendants created and maintain a place of public accommodation that is not accessible to Plaintiff due to disability, Defendants directly and indirectly “refuse, withhold from, or deny” Plaintiff equal opportunity to enjoy the “accommodations, advantages, services, facilities or privileges” of Nike due to his disability.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “194” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶195:

Defendants’ policies and procedures inclusive of their policies of refusing to expend funds to design, create and maintain an accessible place of public accommodation is a discriminatory practice in violation of City HRL. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107 (4).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “195” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶196:

Defendants' failure to construct and maintain an accessible entrance from the public sidewalk to Nike constitutes disability discrimination in a violation of the City HRL. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4)(a)(1)(a); *See also* N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 19-152 and § 7-210.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph "196" of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

COMPLAINT ¶197:

Defendants' failure to provide an accessible place of public accommodation and consequent denial of equal opportunity to Plaintiff constitutes an ongoing continuous pattern and practice of disability discrimination. in violation of the City HRL. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4)(a)(1)(a).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "197" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶198:

Defendants discriminate against Plaintiff as they subject him to disparate impact in violation of the City HRL. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "198" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶199:

Defendants subject Plaintiff to disparate impact as they directly and indirectly deny Plaintiff equal opportunity to enjoy the accommodations, advantages, facilities, and privileges of Nike because of his disability.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "199" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶200:

Defendants’ policies or practices, “whether neutral on their face and [or] neutral in intent”⁶ result in a disparate impact to the detriment of the individuals with mobility disabilities, the protected class of which Plaintiff is a member. *See* N.Y.C Admin. Code § 8-107(17).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “200” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶201:

Defendants’ failure to comply with the NYC Building Code as well as their failure to expend monies to upgrade and alter Nike to remove obsolete features such as stepped entrances, are policies and practices that have a significantly adverse and disproportionate impact on persons with mobility disabilities, including Plaintiff.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “201” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶202:

Because the result of Defendants’ policies and practices is a place of public accommodation that is not accessible to people with mobility disabilities, Plaintiff has demonstrated that Defendants’ policy or practice has a disproportionately negative impact on the disabled including Plaintiff.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “202” of the Complaint.

Section 8-107(15) Violations: Failure to Provide Reasonable Accommodations.

COMPLAINT ¶203:

Defendants also discriminate against Plaintiff in violation of the City HRL as they have not made reasonable accommodations for the needs of persons with disabilities. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(15)(a).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “203” of the Complaint.

⁶ *Levin v Yeshiva Univ.*, 96 NY2d 484, 489(2001).

COMPLAINT ¶204:

Defendants' failure to make reasonable accommodations include their failure to remove the architectural barriers to access detailed in Paragraph 106 herein so that individuals with disabilities, including Plaintiff, have equal opportunity to enjoy what Defendants offer at Nike. See Id.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "204" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶205:

Defendants have known, or should have known, that members of the public, which includes current and prospective patrons such as Plaintiff, have mobility disabilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "205" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶206:

Defendants have known, or should have known, reasonable accommodations (including by failing to remove the architectural barriers to access detailed in Paragraph 106 herein) are required so that persons with mobility disabilities can have the equal opportunity to enjoy what Defendants offer at Nike.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "206" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶207:

It would not cause undue hardship in the conduct of the Defendants' business to remove the architectural barriers to access detailed in Paragraph 106 herein as a reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "207" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶208:

Defendant cannot demonstrate that it would cause undue hardship to the conduct of their respective businesses to remove the architectural barriers to access detailed in Paragraph 106 herein as a reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “208” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶209:

Defendants’ failure to provide reasonable accommodations for persons with disability, inclusive of Defendants’ failure to remove the barriers to access identified in Paragraph 106 herein, and their consequent denial of equal opportunity to Plaintiff, constitutes an ongoing continuous pattern and practice of disability discrimination in violation of the City HRL. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4)(a)(1)(a).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “209” of the Complaint.

Section 8-130: The City HRL’s Construction and Maximally Protective Role.

COMPLAINT ¶210:

To further the City HRL’s “uniquely broad remedial purposes” (Local Law No. 85 (2005) of City of New York § 7) and to ensure that it the law is “maximally protective of civil rights in all circumstances” (Local Law No. 35 (2016) of City of New York § 1), the New York City Council amended the City HRL’s Construction provision, N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-130, in 2005 and 2016. Local Law 85 (2005), and Local Law 35 (2016).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “210” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “210” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶211:

The 2005 and 2016 amendments confirm that the City HRL is not coextensive with federal or state civil rights laws “regardless of whether federal or New York State civil and human rights laws, including those laws with provisions comparably worded to provisions of this title, [the City HRL,] have been so construed”. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-130(a), as amended by Local Law 85§ 7 and Local Law 35 § 2.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “211” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “211” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶212:

The 2005 and 2016 amendments instead provide that the City HRL’s protections are cumulative to the protections provided by federal or state civil rights laws, as the City HRL must “be interpreted liberally and independently of similar federal and state provisions” to accomplish the City HRL’s uniquely broad and remedial purposes “as one of the most expansive and comprehensive human rights laws in the nation”. Rep of Governmental Affairs Div, Comm on Civ Rights at 6 and 8, March 8, 2016, Local Law Bill Jacket, Local Law No. 35 (2016) of City of NY (Adding to Local Law 85 § 1’s already explicit language which provided that the obligations imposed on entities subject to the City HRL by “similarly worded provisions of federal and state civil rights laws [are] as a floor below which the City’s Human Rights law cannot fall.”).

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “212” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “212” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶213:

The 2016 Amendments to the City Human Rights Law additionally direct that “[e]xceptions to and exemptions from the provisions of this title [(the City HRL)] shall be construed narrowly in order to maximize deterrence of discriminatory conduct”. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-130(b), as amended by Local Law 35 (2016) § 2.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “213” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent

that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “213” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶214:

Due to the above-referenced amendments, the New York City Human Rights Law provides significantly greater protections to its protected classes “in all circumstances” than what the ADA and State HRL provide to persons in the same protected classes.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “214” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “214” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶215:

Defendants’ conduct is therefore subject to a markedly stricter standard under the City HRL than under Federal and state anti-discrimination law.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “215” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “215” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶216:

Defendants’ liability under the City HRL for their conduct alleged herein must be determined separately and independently from their liability under the ADA or State HRL, to the extent that Defendants escape liability under the ADA or State HRL. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-130, as amended by Local Law 85 and Local Law 35.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “216” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent

that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “216” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶217:

Conversely to the extent that Defendants’ conduct alleged herein violates the ADA or State HRL, Defendants automatically violate the City HRL.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “217” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶218:

Therefore, Defendants’ violations of the ADA, the ADA Standards, and the State HRL alleged herein constitute discrimination under the City HRL.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “218” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶219:

Defendants continue to discriminate based on disability in violation of the City HRL (N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(4)) due to their ongoing violations of the ADA, the ADA Standards, and the State HRL alleged herein.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “219” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶220:

The City HRL’s stricter standards also apply in situations where the ADA and the State HRL have provisions that are comparably worded to the City HRL’s provisions. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-130.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “220” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “220” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶221:

Defendants must therefore provide an accessible place of public accommodation, regardless of their obligation to provide accessibility under similarly worded provisions of the ADA or the State HRL.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in Paragraph “221” of the Complaint constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied. To the extent that a response is required, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “221” of the Complaint.

Section 8-107(6) Violations: Aid and Abet Discrimination.

COMPLAINT ¶222:

In violation of the City HRL, Defendants have and continue to, aid and abet, incite, compel, or coerce each other in each of the other Defendants’ attempts to, and in their acts of directly and indirectly refusing, withholding, and denying the accommodations, advantages, facilities, and privileges of their place of public accommodation, all because of disability. N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107(6).

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “222” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶223:

Each of the Defendants have aided and abetted others in committing disability discrimination.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “223” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶224:

Defendants' conduct constitutes an ongoing and continuous violation of the City HRL.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "224" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶225:

Unless Defendants are enjoined from further violations, Plaintiff will continue to suffer injuries for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "225" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶226:

In particular, Plaintiff will suffer irreparable harm by being denied the accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of the Defendants' place of public accommodation.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "226" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶227:

As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful discrimination in violation of the City HRL, Plaintiff has suffered, and continues to suffer emotional distress, including humiliation, stress, and embarrassment.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "227" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶228:

Upon information and belief, Defendants' long-standing refusal to make their place of public accommodation fully accessible was deliberate, calculated, egregious, and undertaken with reckless disregard to Plaintiff's rights under the City HRL.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph "228" of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶229:

By failing to comply with the law in effect for decades, Defendants have articulated to disabled persons such as the Plaintiff that they are not welcome, objectionable, and not desired as patrons of their public accommodation.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “229” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶230:

Defendants engaged in discrimination with willful or wanton negligence, and/or recklessness, and/or a conscious disregard of the rights of others and/or conduct so reckless as to amount to such disregard for which Plaintiff is entitled to an award of punitive damages pursuant to City HRL N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-502.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “230” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶231:

By refusing to make their place of public accommodation accessible, Defendants have unlawfully profited from their discriminatory conduct by diverting monies Defendants should have spent to provide an accessible space to themselves.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “231” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶232:

By refusing to make their place of public accommodation accessible, Defendants have unlawfully profited from their discriminatory conduct by collecting revenue from a non-compliant space and pocketing the money that they should have lawfully expended to pay for a fully compliant and accessible space.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “232” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶233:

The amounts Defendants diverted to themselves, and the unlawful revenues they gained, plus interest must be disgorged.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “233” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶234:

Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “234” of the Complaint.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
(VIOLATIONS OF THE NEW YORK STATE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW)

COMPLAINT ¶235:

Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein all prior allegations set forth in this Complaint.

ANSWER:

Defendants repeat and restate their responses to all the allegations set forth in the Complaint, including but not limited to Paragraphs “1” through “234,” as if more fully set forth herein.

COMPLAINT ¶236:

Defendants continue to discriminate against Plaintiff in violation of the State HRL. N.Y. Exec. Law § 290 *et seq.*

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “236” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶237:

Consequently, Plaintiff is entitled to recover the monetary penalty prescribed by N.Y. CRL §§ 40-c and 40-d for each and every violation.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “237” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶238:

Notice of this action has been served upon the Attorney General as required by N.Y. CRL § 40-d.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies that they violated the law, and deny having knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph “238” of the Complaint.

INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

COMPLAINT ¶239:

Plaintiff will continue to experience unlawful discrimination as a result of Defendants’ failure to comply with the above-mentioned laws. Therefore, injunctive relief Ordering Defendants to alter and modify their place of public accommodation to comply with the Accessibility Standards and the Human Rights Laws, is necessary.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “239” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶240:

Injunctive relief is necessary to make Defendants’ place of public accommodation readily accessible to and usable by Plaintiff in accordance with the above-mentioned laws.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “240” of the Complaint.

COMPLAINT ¶241:

Injunctive relief is also necessary to order Defendants to provide auxiliary aids or services, modification of their policies, and/or provision of alternative methods, in accordance with the ADA, State HRL, and the City HRL.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph “241” of the Complaint.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all claims so triable.

ANSWER:

The allegations contained in the Paragraph of the Complaint entitled “Jury Demand” constitute conclusions of law as to which no responsive pleading is required and are deemed to be denied.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enter a judgment against the Defendants, jointly and severally, in favor of Plaintiff that contains the following relief:

A. Enter declaratory judgment declaring that Defendants have violated the ADA and its implementing regulations, the State HRL, and the City HRL, and declaring the rights of Plaintiff as to Defendants’ place of public accommodation, and Defendants’ policies, practices, and procedures;

B. Issue a permanent injunction ordering Defendants to close Nike at 156 Fifth Avenue to the public until Defendants remove all violations of the ADA, the 1991 Standards or the 2010 Standards, the State HRL and the City HRL, including but not limited to the violations set forth above;

C. Retain jurisdiction over the Defendants until the Court is satisfied that the Defendants’ unlawful practices, acts and omissions no longer exist and will not reoccur;

D. Award Plaintiff compensatory damages as a result of Defendants’ violations of the State HRL and the City HRL;

E. Award Plaintiff punitive damages in order to punish and deter the Defendants for their violations of the City HRL;

F. Award Plaintiff the monetary penalties for each and every violation of the law, per defendant, pursuant to N.Y. CRL §§ 40-c and 40-d;

G. Find that Plaintiff is a prevailing party and award reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and expenses pursuant to the ADA, the State HRL, and City HRL; and

H. For such other and further relief, at law or in equity, to which Plaintiff may be justly entitled.

ANSWER:

Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to any of the relief requested.

GENERAL DENIAL

Defendant denies each and every allegation in the Complaint not specifically admitted herein.

AFFIRMATIVE AND OTHER DEFENSES

By pleading the following as Affirmative and/or Other Defenses, Defendant does not concede that each of the matters covered by the numbered defenses is to be proven by Defendant, and Defendant reserves the position that Plaintiff retains the burden of proof on all matters necessary to state the claims asserted in the Complaint and to establish the requested relief. Without prejudice to their denials and other statements of their pleadings, Defendant allege the following defenses:

1. The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.
2. Plaintiff lacks standing to seek relief for herself, and all persons similarly situated, with respect to conditions that do not affect their disability.
3. Plaintiff lacks standing to seek injunctive relief because they are under no threat of imminent harm.
4. Defendant did not design or construct the property at issue in the Complaint.

5. Any and all alterations that were made to the premises after January 26, 1992 were made so that, to the maximum extent feasible, the altered portions of the premises, if any, are readily accessible to, and usable by, individuals with disabilities. To the extent any such alterations are not readily accessible and usable by individuals with disabilities, it was not feasible to make them so.

6. Any allegedly wrongful acts or omissions performed by Defendant or their agents, if there were any, do not subject Defendant to liability because full compliance with the accessibility requirements for the alleged barriers identified in the Complaint is structurally impracticable and/or technically infeasible.

7. The removal of the alleged access barriers complained of in the Complaint, if any, is not readily achievable.

8. The premises provide equivalent facilitation and/or appropriate means for patrons with disabilities to enjoy their goods, facilities, and services.

9. To the extent any alterations were made to the premises triggering the requirements of 28 C.F.R. § 36.403 (path of travel), the costs of meeting those requirements are disproportionate to the cost of the alterations.

10. Assuming, *arguendo*, that the ADA Standards at 28 C.F.R. Part 36 App. A are deemed relevant to this case, any deviations from those guidelines are *de minimis* and within construction and/or manufacturing tolerances.

11. To the extent that Plaintiff was not provided with full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of services, it was because Plaintiff failed to provide sufficient notice of the need and sufficient opportunity to do so.

12. Plaintiff cannot recover for any violations they did not personally encounter on a particular occasion and which have not deterred any desire for access.

13. Plaintiff's claims are barred to the extent that federal, state, or local laws, including zoning and landmark ordinances, prohibit the physical modifications sought.

14. Plaintiff's claims are barred to the extent that accommodating Plaintiff would fundamentally alter the nature of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, benefits and/or accommodations offered to the public and/or result in an undue burden.

15. The claims for relief set forth in the Complaint are barred by the applicable statutes of limitations.

16. Plaintiff has failed to take any reasonable steps to mitigate, alter or otherwise reduce her alleged damages, including attorneys' fees, expenses and costs. Thus, any damages and/or fees, expenses and costs awarded to Plaintiff should be reduced accordingly.

17. To the extent Plaintiff seeks punitive damages, any such recovery is unconstitutional because it violates the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States.

18. To the extent Plaintiff seeks punitive damages, any such recovery is unconstitutional because it violates the excessive fines clause of the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States.

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred to the extent they seek to impose upon Defendant obligations for which Defendant is not legally responsible.

20. Plaintiff's claims fail to the extent implementation of the requested alterations would pose a direct threat to the health and safety of others, including Plaintiff.

21. Defendant is informed, believe, and based thereon allege that Plaintiff, and all purported claims alleged in the Complaint, are barred by the doctrine of unclean hands by reason of Plaintiff's pattern and practice of visiting places of public accommodation without the intent of accessing goods and services and instead with the purpose of filing lawsuits, such as in the current action.

22. Plaintiff is not entitled to recover attorneys' fees for moot claims under *Buckhannon Bd. & Care Home v. West Virginia Dept. Of Health And Human Resources*, 532 U.S. 598 (2001).

RESERVATION OF RIGHT TO AMEND

Defendant presently has insufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to whether they may have additional, as yet unstated, defenses available. Defendant reserves the right to assert additional defenses in the event discovery indicates they would be appropriate.

WHEREFORE, Defendants pray that the Court enters a judgment:

1. dismissing the Complaint *with prejudice*, including all claims and allegations asserted in the Complaint against Defendant;
2. in favor of Defendant;
3. granting Defendant its costs, including attorneys' fees, incurred in this action; and
4. granting Defendant such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York
April 5, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on April 5, 2023 I electronically filed the foregoing Answer and Affirmative and Other Defenses with the Clerk of the District Court using the CM/ECF system, which sent notification of such filing to all counsel of record.

/s/ John W. Egan
John W. Egan